

<7강 문맥속 문법성 판단>

1.[과제를 받고 나서 노트에 _____의 필요성]

We often get _____ [지시, 가르침] and tasks [are passed/ passed] to us _____ [말로, 구어로]. Though not always the best way, it's certainly the most _____ [흔한, 일반적인]. [Fortunately/ Unfortunately], however, in the heat of the daily battle, sometimes these things can [forget / be forgotten]. [1문단]

So it's always a good _____ to _____ [즉시, 즉각적으로] make a note about any task [is given/ given] to you [written/ verbally]. This begins your work record for the task or project and [allows / allowing] you [having/ to have] _____ [문서] to _____ [상기시키다] you _____ (전치사) it. [2문단]

It should be [writing/ written] **as soon as**[뜻:_____] possible after it is given **so**[뜻:_____] the memory of the instructions [is / are] fresh and you can _____ [사로잡다] all the detail you were [proving/ provided]. [3문단]

common	immediately	capture	document	remind	policy
verbally	instructions				

Comment [H1]: Instruction, task
 → Passed verbally
 → Forgotten

Comment [H2]: Make a note
 1) Work record
 2) Remind of it

Comment [H3]: Written as soon as
 → Memory: fresh
 → All detail

2.[건물 내부의 _____]

a /building /is /intelligently /however /designed /to /natural /use /light,

[어떤 건물이 자연채광을 이용하도록 아무리 지능적으로 설계되었다고 하더라도]

[순서 배열:_____]

it will always need _____ [인공의] light as well, _____ [부분적으로] for the dark parts of the day and partly because [it / there] may be areas [which/ where] [artificial/ natural] light cannot reach or where it is not _____ [원하는, 갈망하는]. [Likewise/ For example], in buildings that [displaying/ display] _____ [소중한 예술품] **strong ultraviolet light**[뜻:_____] [is / being] one of the chief [cause/ causes] of degradation, so [use/ using] **a series of** [뜻:_____] diffusers to [focus/ scatter] the natural light or going for _____ [전체적으로] artificial light is a possible _____ [해결책]. [1문단]

[Another/ Other] spaces where [artificial/ natural] light may not be desirable [includes/ include] entertainment spaces such as concert halls and theatres, [where / which] the lighting needs to focus [entire/ entirely] on the performances. In the times between performances, [it/ that] is possible to build excitement with a dramatic lighting

Comment [H4]: Building-need artificial light
 1)Dark part
 2)(x)natural light
 3)artwork

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_____ [계획].

[2문단]

*degradation 변질 *diffuser 산광기

desirable entirely solution scheme artworks partly precious
artificial

Comment [H5]: natural light
-(x) desirable
→entertainment space
→b/c: excitement

3.[_____으로서의 노인]

In the near future, older people will become the _____ [표준, 전형] rather than the exception. More than half of today's baby boomers will live past age 85, but [if/ unless] they take the _____ [적절한] steps, many of [them / whom] will _____ [부담을] 지니다 a heavy burden of _____ [만성 질환] along the way. [1문단]

[Enjoying/ Enjoy] the longer life [is afforded/ afforded] to us by new **public health measures** [뜻:_____] and technology [mean / means] [to maintain/ maintaining] a [low/ high] _____ [기준, 수준] of health and [dependence/ independence] for many more years than most people ever _____ [예상, 기대하다]. Centenarians, who [representing/ represent] **the gold standard for aging well** [뜻:_____], should be society's role models. They are our "_____ [함께 사는 전문가]," who can help [shaping/ shape] the way we live. [2문단]

Comment [H6]: Older people→ norm
: (x) take steps → chronic disease

People who are serious about remaining [productive/ productively], _____ (enjoy) life, and [manage / managing] health care costs must learn to follow their [admitted/ admittedly] long steps. [3문단]

*centenarian 나이가 100세가 넘는 사람

bear chronic standard experts anticipated norm resident
disease proper

Comment [H7]: Enjoying longer life
→maintain high standard of health +independence
ex) centerarians

Comment [H8]: Must follow their long steps

4.[_____ 과 _____의 차이]

Often the _____ [구분, 구별] between science and technology [is/ are] said to be like [that / it] between basic and _____ [응용된] knowledge. [1문단]

[In addition/ However], careful historical study [reveals/ conceals] that all knowledge [is/are] applied. [However/ Thus] the question turns to communities of _____ [실행, 실천] with attention to [whoever/ who] makes what distinction, where, and why. [2문단]

[Moreover/ For example], new knowledge [is produced/ produced] in _____ [물리학] might be applied to problems only of interest to _____ [이론가] and thus be [labeling]

Comment [H9]: Distinction
<science: basic , tech:applied>

Comment [H10]: All knowledge: applied → turn to practice

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/ labeled "basic," **while**[뜻: _____] [less/ more] "applied" work is _____[~와 연관된] to a larger network of communities of [theory/ practice] that might [exclude/ include] health professionals, _____[생산업자] or **materials science engineers**. [뜻: _____]. [3문단]

For a _____[현대의] example of the convergence of knowledge and practice, [considering/ consider] the biotechnology industry, [where / which] _____[기본적인, 기초적인] processes of _____[유전학] and protein chemistry are _____[탐험하다] with the goal of developing **therapeutic products**. [뜻: _____] Is biotechnology science? Technology? Or both? A new word, technoscience, [entered/ entered into] our language toward the end of the twentieth century to help us [answering/ answer] these questions and more. [4문단]

*convergence 융합

practice	physics	theorists	applied	contemporary	distinction
fundamental	genetics	manufacturers	explored	relevant	

Comment [H11]: New knowledge in physics
1) applied only to theories
→ basic
2) more applied work → relevant to practice ex) health prof, manufacturers, engineers

Comment [H12]: knowledge + practice
ex) biotechnology
<genetics+ protein chemistry
⇒ explored with therapeutic products.

5. [_____ 공간의 필요성]

In all honesty[뜻: _____], **teachers would not enjoy their work environment quite as much with someone _____**[지속적으로] **[is looking/ looking] over their shoulder, and neither the students do.** [한곳 수정]. [1문단]

_____ [이와 비슷하게], though group or [commute/ committee] work often [leading/ leads] to [negative/ positive] results, some tasks are better dealt with by only one person. [2문단]

In both [case/ cases], the same is true for the _____ process of art making in school. Elementary- and middle-school art rooms should [prohibit/ provide] _____ [적절한] _____ for students [to work/ work] in small groups, while _____ [공간을 제공하다] [group/ individual] work space as well. Sometimes, students want and/or need to work alone. This should be _____ [존중하다]. [3문단]

creative	space	honored	accommodating	adequate	likewise	constantly
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Comment [H13]: Teacher
→ (x) enjoy work with someone
→ (x) students

Comment [H14]: Some tasks- better by only one person

Comment [H15]: Ex) art making
Space for small groups + individual work
⇒ Should be honored.

6. [투자 가치가 있는 _____]

Ideas are _____ [풍부한, 다채로운] A [high/ highly] creative person will have a couple of good [one/ ones] before he or she finishes breakfast. [1문단]

And because ideas are all around us in [deficiency/ abundance], the _____ [실제적인]

Comment [H16]: Ideas- abundant

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people who have made [money enough/ enough money] to _____ [자금을 조달하다] your idea [is/ are] not likely to be attracted to [it/ them] [if/ unless] you take certain steps to develop it and [demonstrating/ demonstrate] that it is not just another "me, too" _____ [개념]. You need to show that your **brainstorm**[뜻: _____] has the potential to _____ [생산하다] _____ [막대한 수익]. [2문단]

In short[뜻: _____], you must take your great idea [across/ beyond] its "Eureka!" _____ [단계]. Just as a _____ [화학적 과정] begins with natural material and is processed into a plastic, your idea must, as much as possible, _____ toward its _____ [예상 가능한 결과]. **Its predictable end is the point which the device is most attractive to consumers and investors.** [한 곳 수정] [3문단]

*abundance 풍부

practical	concept	process	finance	evolve	generate	chemical
profit	phase	extraordinary		predictable	end	abundant

7.[사고의 _____]

Being able to look at situations [to use/ using] different frames [is/ are] _____ [상당히] important when _____ [다루다, 처리하다] all [type/ types] of challenges. [1문단]

Consider the fact [which/ that] before 1543 people believed that the sun and all the _____ [행성] [revolved/ revolving] around the earth. To all those [who/ whom] looked to the sky, it seemed [obviously/ obvious] that the earth was the [corner/ center] of the universe. **But in 1543, Copernicus changed all of that by _____ [제안하다] that the sun was actually at the center of the solar system**[뜻: _____]. [한 곳 수정]. [2문단]

This was a _____ [급진적인] change in _____ [관점]- or _____. This shift in point of view [dramatic/ dramatically] changed the way individuals thought about the universe and their individual _____ [역할] within [it/ itself]. It opened up the world of _____ [천문학] and provided a new _____ for _____ [연구, 탐구]. You, too, can _____ [유발하다] a [evolution/ revolution] by looking at the problems you face from [traditional/ different] perspectives. [3문단]

tackling	planets	radical	spark	critically	proposing
roles	astronomy	perspective	platform	inquiry	frame

Comment [H17]: To finance ideas
-1) take steps to develop
-2) demonstrate: (x) "me, too"

Comment [H18]: Ideas → must evolve toward predictable end

Comment [H19]: Look at situations differently → tackle challenges

Comment [H20]:
Before 1543: earth- center of universe → Copernicus: changed it

Comment [H21]: Shift in
1)Way thought about universe
2)Individual roles
3)Opened astronomy
⇒Revolution by different perspective

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8. [_____에 영향을 미치는 요인]

Diet _____ (know) for many years to **play a key role** [뜻: _____] as a [beneficial/ risk] _____ [요소] for _____ [만성의] diseases. [1문단]

Comment [H22]: Diet-risk factor for chronic disease

What is [apparent/ apparently] **at the global level** [뜻: _____] is that great changes [have swept/ swept] the _____ [전체의] world since the second half of the twentieth century, inducing major _____ [변경, 변화] in diet, first in _____ [산업 지역] and more recently in [developed/ developing] countries. [2문단]

Comment [H23]: Major modification in diet: industrial+ developing

Traditional, largely plant-based diets have been _____ [재빠르게 대처되다] by high-fat, energy-_____ [조밀한] diets with a _____ [상당한] content of animal-based foods. But diet, while _____ [중요한] to _____ [예 방], [is/ are] just one risk factor. [3문단]

Comment [H24]: Plant-based diets → high-fat, energy-dense, animal-based foods

Physical inactivity [뜻: _____], now [recognized/ is recognized] as an [increase/ increasingly] important _____ [결정적인] factor of health, is the result of a _____ [점진적인 변화] of lifestyle towards [less/ more] sedentary patterns, in developing countries as much as in industrialized [one/ ones]. [4문단]

Comment [H25]: Physical inactivity
1) critical factor for health
2) result of sedentary lifestyle

*sedentary 주로 앉아서 하는

entire	industrial	regions	prevention	modifications	swiftly
replaced	dense	determining	Factor	progressive	shift
critical	substantial	chronic			